

Submission form for  
**WORM EGG COUNTS**  
**IN-HOUSE**



Print more submission forms at [www.calwetonvets.com](http://www.calwetonvets.com) -> Farm dropdown menu -> Information Sheets

**IS SAMPLE FOR WORM EGG COUNT?** Samples for liver fluke/cocci should go to external lab!

Staff member receiving sample ..... Date received .....

Client (surname & farm name) .....

Telephone .....

Email address .....

*Providing this means result can be sent as soon as result is available – a vet will call as soon as they can*

Species (please circle)      Sheep      Cattle      Alpaca      Other.....

Date sample collected .....

Date last wormed, product used .....

Reason for sampling (please circle)

Routine check      Drench Check      Poor performance      Scour      Other

Any comments .....

Vet requesting sample .....

**Sample Details:**

*Complete one row per sample. Use additional forms if necessary.*

**\*\*\*Please ensure samples are labelled by group identity\*\*\***

Sample identity (e.g. field name)	Total number of animals in group (approx.)	No. of animals providing sample (approx.)	Age (approx.)	Individual or mob

Print more submission forms at [www.calwetonvets.com](http://www.calwetonvets.com) -> Farm dropdown menu -> Information Sheets

-----TURN OVER FOR LAB USE AND RESULTS-----

Member of staff processing sample .....

**Sample consistency**

Firm

Normal

Sloppy

**Sample Quality Checklist**

Fresh? Air squeezed out of bag? Does it appear to be equal amounts from each contributor? Sensible quantity of poo?!

Concerns? Y/N – if yes then please flag this up for vet to discuss with client.

**Technique used** (delete as applicable)

**FECPAK**

**McMaster**

**RESULTS (eggs per gram)**

Sample ID	N battus		Strongyles		Cocci	
	eggs counted	EPG	eggs counted	EPG	Oocysts counted	low/med/high

General guidelines to results for **SHEEP** (vet will ring with specifically tailored advice):

- **N battus** – not usually significant in animals over 6mo old. If under 6mo treat with white drench
- **Strongyles:**
  - Less than 200epg – treatment unlikely to be beneficial (a small % may benefit)
  - Over 500epg – majority require treatment. Either treat all and delay move to new pasture by 3-5 days OR if moving straight away leave *at least* 10% of group untreated (the best lambs – clean back ends, well grown)
  - 200-500epg – grey area. Situation-dependent, further discussion required
- **Cocci** – questionable significance depending on cocci species (speciation at external lab required)

General guidelines for **CATTLE**

- Strongyle counts over 200epg may be significant
- Cocci tend to be considered significant

Result emailed to client?

☐

*Note that email may be different from main client screen email address – please check! Please add email address to client screen if not already present*

“THIS IS A NO REPLY EMAIL ADDRESS” to be stated clearly on email

Result emailed to relevant vet or if unsure to farm@calwetonetvets.co.uk?

☐